

Summary Report

Material bulk densities



This document provides bulk density data for commonly collected material streams, taking into account container types and how the materials are collected (vehicle types). It provides data that will be useful in planning and managing collection and handling systems for recyclable materials. WRAP helps individuals, businesses and local authorities to reduce waste and recycle more, making better use of resources and helping to tackle climate change.

Document reference: WRAP, 2009, Summary Report – Material Bulk Densities, Report prepared by Resource Futures

Written by: Resource Futures

WRAP and Resource Futures believe the content of this report to be correct as at the date of writing. However, factors such as prices, levels of recycled content and regulatory requirements are subject to change and users of the report should check with their suppliers to confirm the current situation. In addition, care should be taken in using any of the cost information provided as it is based upon numerous project-specific assumptions (such as scale, location, tender context, etc.). The report does not claim to be exhaustive, nor does it claim to cover all relevant products and specifications available on the market. While steps have been taken to ensure accuracy, WRAP cannot accept responsibility or be held liable to any person for any loss or damage arising out of or in connection with this information being inaccurate, incomplete or misleading. It is the responsibility of the potential user of a material or product to consult with the supplier or manufacturer and ascertain whether a particular product will satisfy their specific requirements. The listing or featuring of a particular product or company does not constitute an endorsement by WRAP and WRAP cannot guarantee the performance of individual products or materials. This material is copyrighted. It may be reproduced free of charge subject to the material being accurate and not used in a misleading context. The source of the material must be identified and the copyright status acknowledged. This material must we bused to endorse or used to suggest WRAP's endorsement of a commercial product or service. For more detail, please refer to WRAP's Terms & Conditions on its web site: www.wrap.org.uk

Contents

| Material bulk density introduction | 4 |
|--|---|
| Self reported bulk density | |
| Fieldwork to measure bulk density | 4 |
| Weighbridge data | 5 |
| Results | 5 |
| Material specific results | 6 |
| Newspapers and magazines | |
| Mixed paper & card | 6 |
| Mixed paper, card & drink cartons | 6 |
| Mixed glass | |
| Mixed cans | 7 |
| Plastic bottles | 8 |
| Mixed plastic (no film) | 8 |
| Mixed plastic (with film) | |
| Drink cartons1 | 0 |
| Food1 | 1 |
| Food and garden1 | 1 |
| Food, garden and card1 | 1 |
| Co-mingled: Plastic bottles, news & pams, cardboard and mixed cans1 | 2 |
| Co-mingled: Plastic bottles and mixed cans1 | 2 |
| Co-mingled: Plastic bottles, news & pams, cardboard, mixed cans and glass1 | 2 |
| Co-mingled: Plastic bottles, mixed cans and glass1 | 3 |

Material bulk density introduction

WRAP (Waste & Resources Action Programme) commissioned research to investigate the bulk density of commonly collected materials at the kerbside. The project involved a detailed desk top assessment of data currently used in the waste sector which identified a number of gaps and potential areas of weakness. As a result a primary data gathering exercise was undertaken.

This document provides the summary data from the research. It is provided to help inform the assessment of waste and recycling options and the planning and delivery of collection and recycling services.

The data presented in this report comes from a variety of sources. The origin of the data is clearly stated to allow the reader to make a judgement on the applicability and robustness of the data on a case-by-case basis.

The data included in this summary document are set out below.

Self reported bulk density

During the desktop phase of the project numerous self reported data sets were gathered from contractors and researchers. These data sets were assessed and the data that were considered to be reliable, based on current understanding, are included in this summary document.

Fieldwork to measure bulk density

Fieldwork was carried out on various material combinations in both containers and vehicles. The fieldwork data resulted in a **material bulk density** being calculated i.e. material of a known volume and weight was used in the calculation. All bulk density figures are reported in kg/m³.

A brief methodology follows explaining how the data was collected in each case.

Rear End Loader (REL) compacted material

Field measurements were taken by observing the loads as they came in to the depot and confirming with the driver the reason for tipping, i.e. whether the vehicle was 'full'. Where vehicle design allowed safe access, measurements were taken using a laser of the position of the back plate before and after tipping. Weighbridge weights were then obtained for all loads measured. The collection authorities and/or vehicle manufacturers were contacted to obtain specification details for each vehicle included in the study

Kerbsider

The field work measurements involved estimating the void space, where applicable, in each chamber to allow the volume of material to be calculated. To estimate the void space of the chamber, access to the top of the vehicle was required. Front (cab) to back (rear) and side to side measurements were taken for each compartment. Measurements were taken from the top of the compartment down to the surface of the material. Where the material load was not level several measurements were taken in order to provide an average figure of the depth of the void. Vehicle specifications were obtained from the collection authority and/or manufacturer to confirm the body volume, which was split proportionally based on the cab to rear measurements for each compartment.



Stillage vehicles

Internal measurements of stillage dimensions were taken. Each stillage was assessed for volume of product by levelling the material off and measuring the height to top of stillage. Stillages were weighed individually with and without material to allow the net material weight to be determined.

Household containers

The containers were weighed with and without material, and measurements of the internal dimensions taken including the depth of the void.

Often co-mingled dry recyclable materials are collected in a REL, which results in the compaction of the materials. In order to measure the bulk density of the material as it is presented by the resident on-street monitoring was undertaken. This involved weighing the bins/boxes on the street and measuring the depth of the void space, if applicable. The monitoring was done at the individual household level from a random selection of streets (from the round list provided by the authority) in order to capture a broad socio-economic profile of residents.

Bulk containers

This refers to 1,100 litre wheeled bins and bigger. Self reported bulk density data was obtained during the desktop stage of the research and where these data were assessed to be robust they are reported here.

Weighbridge data

During the course of the fieldwork historical weighbridge data was obtained at the individual round level for collections made using RELs.

Authorities operating double tip rounds were selected for inclusion in the study. The data was filtered to include the first tip weight on any given day. While it is acknowledged that there are numerous reasons for a crew returning to depot to tip, it was confirmed with all partner collection authorities that under normal circumstances the vast majority of first tips would be as a result of the vehicle being full. The weight of the first tip and the total vehicle volume were used in the calculation of a bulk density. This data is referred to as **operational bulk density** in this document.

Results

The following tables present the findings of the project on a material by material basis. The bulk density data for vehicles and containers are presented together. Two types of data are referenced:

- 1 Material bulk density kg/m³: calculated from a known volume and weight of material.
- 2 Operational bulk density kg/m³: derived from historical weight data and measured vehicle/container volume

The following descriptive statistics are presented for each data set in order to allow the reader to assess the robustness of the data:

- The mean is the sum of the kg/m3 values divided by the number of values.
- The No. of samples shows the number of data points used in the calculations.
- The standard deviation represents the spread of values and their variations around the mean. A low standard deviation indicates that the data points tend to be very close to the same value (the mean), while high standard deviation indicates that the data are spread over a large range of values.
- The coefficient of variance expresses the ratio of the standard deviation to the mean. When comparing between data sets the coefficient of variation should be used.
- The 95% confidence interval indicates the variation + or from the mean that would be expected in 95% of cases.
- The 'lowest' and 'highest' data from the sample shows the range of the data.

Material specific results

Newspapers and magazines

| Newspapers and magazines | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Vehicle/Container | Kerbsider (no compaction) | 7.5-15t Caged stillage (no compaction) | 45/55 litre kerbside box (no compaction) | | | |
| Data type | Field work data: | Self reported data: | Self reported data: | | | |
| | Material bulk density | Material bulk density | Material bulk density | | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 305 | 279 | 294 | | | |
| No. samples | 20 | 5 | 6 | | | |
| Standard Deviation | 49.9 | 59.7 | 28.2 | | | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | | | |
| 95% Confidence Interval | 21.9 | 52.3 | 22.5 | | | |
| +/- kg/m3 | | | | | | |
| Lowest value | 219 | 208 | 262 | | | |
| Highest value | 388 | 330 | 336 | | | |

Mixed paper & card

| Mixed paper & card | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Vehicle/container | Rear End Loader (compacted) | 140 litre wheeled bin* | | | | |
| Data type | Historical weighbridge data: | Field work data: | | | | |
| | Operational bulk density | Material bulk density | | | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 431 | 112 | | | | |
| No. samples | 87 | 84 | | | | |
| Standard Deviation | 32.1 | 83.0 | | | | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.07 | 0.74 | | | | |
| 95% Confidence Interval | 6.75 | 17.76 | | | | |
| +/- kg/m3 | | | | | | |
| Lowest value | 375 | 16 | | | | |
| Highest value | 495 | 550 | | | | |
| | | *the large range of values is a | | | | |
| | | result of different amounts of | | | | |
| | | cardboard in bins | | | | |

Mixed paper, card & drink cartons

| Mixed paper, card & drink cartons | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Vehicle/container | Rear End Loader (compacted) | | | |
| Data type Field work data: Material bulk der | | | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 366 | | | |
| No. samples | 7 | | | |
| Standard Deviation | 83.9 | | | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.2 | | | |
| 95% Confidence Interval | 62.2 | | | |
| +/- kg/m3 | | | | |
| Lowest value | 248 | | | |
| Highest value | 444 | | | |



Mixed glass

| | | Mixed glass | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| Vehicle/container | Rear End Loader (compacted)* | Kerbsider (no compaction) | 1,100 litre wheeled bin (no compaction)** | 45/55 litre kerbside box (no compaction) |
| Data type | Field work: Operational bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Self reported data: Material bulk density |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 265 | 456 | 694 | 276 |
| No. samples | 14 | 28 | 6 | 6 |
| Standard Deviation | 86.4 | 110.1 | 25.8 | 9.6 |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.03 |
| 95% Confidence Interval +/- kg/m3 | 45.3 | 40.8 | 28.6 | 7.7 |
| Lowest value | 149 | 199 | 664 | 259 |
| Highest value | 438 | 734 | 764 | 287 |
| | *due to H&S considera based on the whole vo | | | 0' slew from a pile of llected material |

Mixed cans

| Mixed cans | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Vehicle/container | Kerbsider (no compaction) | 7.5-15t Caged stillage (no compaction) | 45/55 litre kerbside box (no compaction) | | | |
| Data type | Field work data: Material bulk density | Self reported data: Material bulk density | Self reported data: Material bulk density | | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 63 | 56 | 40 | | | |
| No. samples | 20 | 4 | 6 | | | |
| Standard Deviation | 12.9 | 4.4 | 5.1 | | | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | | | |
| 95% Confidence | 5.7 | 4.3 | 4 | | | |
| Interval | | | | | | |
| +/- kg/m3 | | | | | | |
| Lowest value | 50 | 50 | 34 | | | |
| Highest value | 100 | 60 | 46 | | | |



Plastic bottles

| | Plastic bottles | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Vehicle/container | Rear end | Kerbsider | Kerbsider | Stillage | 45/55 litre | | |
| | loader | (no compaction) * | (with MVR | (builder | kerbside box | | |
| | | | compaction) * * | dumpy sacks) | (no compaction) | | |
| Data type | Field work | Historical | Field work | Field work | Self reported | | |
| | data: | weighbridge data: | data: | data: | data: | | |
| | Material | Material bulk | Material bulk | Material bulk | Material bulk | | |
| | bulk density | density | density | density | density | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 158 | 16 | 44 | 26 | 13 | | |
| No. samples | 3 | 45 | 15 | 13 | 6 | | |
| Standard Deviation | 27.0 | 3.3 | 7.4 | 2.8 | 3.7 | | |
| Coefficient of | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | | |
| Variance | | | | | | | |
| 95% Confidence | 30.6 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 1.5 | 2.9 | | |
| +/- kg/m ³ | | | | | | | |
| Lowest value | 140 | 10 | 37 | 22 | 10 | | |
| Highest value | 189 | 24 | 65 | 30 | 18 | | |
| | | *1 st tip full data **Vehicle fitted with Terberg Material Volume | | | laterial Volume | | |
| | | Reduction unit | | | | | |

Mixed plastic (no film)

| | Mixed plastic (no film) | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| Vehicle | Rear end loader (soft pack) | Rear end Ioader (split back) | Kerbsider (with MVR compaction)** | 7.5-15t Caged stillage (no compaction) | |
| Data type | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 79 | 106 | 29 | 25 | |
| No. samples | 2 | 2 | 3 | 6 | |
| Standard Deviation | n/a | n/a | n/a | 4.0 | |
| Coefficient of Variance | n/a | n/a | n/a | 0.2 | |
| 95% Confidence +/- kg/m3 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 3.2 | |
| Lowest value | 87 | 92 | 26 | 18 | |
| Highest value | 70 | 120 | 32 | 28 | |



| | Mixed plastic (no film) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Container | 1,100 litre wheeled bin (no compaction) | 240 litre wheeled bin (no compaction) | 140 litre wheeled bin (no compaction) | 45/55 litre kerbside box (no compaction) | | |
| Data type | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 22 | 22 | 21 | 18 | | |
| No. samples | 15 | 33 | 27 | 31 | | |
| Standard Deviation | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 3.1 | | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | | |
| 95% Confidence +/- kg/m3 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.1 | | |
| Lowest value | 16 | 16 | 14 | 14 | | |
| Highest value | 29 | 33 | 14 | 26 | | |

Mixed plastic (with film)

| | Mixed plastic (with film) | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Vehicle | Rear end loader (soft pack) | Rear end loader (hard back) | Kerbsider (with MVR compaction)** | 7.5-15t Caged stillage (no compaction) | |
| Data type | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 116 | 197 | 47 | 28 | |
| No. samples | 1 | 1 | 1 | 9 | |
| Standard Deviation | n/a | n/a | n/a | 5.2 | |
| Coefficient of Variance | n/a | n/a | n/a | 0.2 | |
| 95% Confidence Interval +/- kg/m3 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 3.4 | |
| Lowest value | n/a | n/a | n/a | 23 | |
| Highest value | n/a | n/a | n/a | 37 | |

| | Mixed plastic (with film) | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Container | 1,100 litre wheeled bin (no compaction) | 240 litre wheeled bin (no compaction) | 140 litre wheeled bin (no compaction) | 45/55 litre kerbside box (no compaction) | | |
| Data type | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 34 | 40 | 23 | 39 | | |
| No. samples | 16 | 16 | 23 | 18 | | |
| Standard Deviation | 5.1 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 6.6 | | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | | |
| 95% Confidence Interval +/- kg/m3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 3.0 | | |
| Lowest value | 26 | 29 | 17 | 31 | | |
| Highest value | 45 | 48 | 30 | 57 | | |

Drink cartons

| Drink cartons | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Vehicle/container | 7.5-15t Caged stillage (no compaction) | Bring banks & 1,100 litre wheeled bins | | | | |
| Data type | Field work data: Material bulk density | Self reported data: Material bulk density | | | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 26 | 20 | | | | |
| No. samples | 15 | n/a | | | | |
| Standard Deviation | 3.9 | n/a | | | | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.1 | n/a | | | | |
| 95% Confidence Interval +/- kg/m3 | 2.0 | n/a | | | | |
| Lowest value | 20 | n/a | | | | |
| Highest value | 32 | n/a | | | | |



Food

| Food | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Vehicle/container | 7.5-15t Caged stillage (no compaction) | 23 litre kerbside caddy Field work data: Material bulk density | |
| Data type | Field work data: Material bulk density | | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 500 | 290 | |
| No. samples | 4 | 141 | |
| Standard Deviation | 34.5 | 159.1 | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.1 | 0.5 | |
| 95% Confidence Interval +/- kg/m3 | 33.8 | 26.3 | |
| Lowest value | 453 | 107 | |
| Highest value | 527 | 887 | |

Food and garden

| Food and garden | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Vehicle/container | Rear end loader* | 240 litre wheeled bin |
| Data type | Historical weighbridge data: Operational bulk density | Field work data: Material bulk density |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 338 | 157 |
| No. samples | 1,799 | 310 |
| Standard Deviation | 110.3 | 96.5 |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| 95% Confidence Interval +/- kg/m3 | 5.1 | 10.7 |
| Lowest value | 45 | 13 |
| Highest value | 711 | 778 |
| | *Historical data covering 12 months. 1 st tip weights only | |

Food, garden and card

| Food, garden and card | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Vehicle/container | Rear end loader* | |
| Data type | Field work data: | |
| | Material bulk density | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 502 | |
| No. samples | 12 | |
| Standard Deviation | 143.9 | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.3 | |
| 95% Confidence Interval | 81.4 | |
| +/- kg/m3 | | |
| Lowest value | 312 | |
| Highest value | 791 | |
| | *Measurements taken in March | |



| Plastic bottles, news & pams, cardboard and mixed cans | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Vehicle/container | Rear end loader | 240 litre wheeled bin (no compaction) | 140 litre wheeled bin (no compaction) |
| Data type | Field work data: | Field work data: | Field work data: |
| | Material bulk density | Material bulk density | Material bulk density |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 310 | 53 | 70 |
| No. samples | 21 | 191 | 57 |
| Standard Deviation | 53.9 | 27.2 | 32.5 |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 95% Confidence Interval | 23.1 | 3.9 | 8.4 |
| +/- kg/m3 | | | |
| Lowest value | 186 | 14 | 17 |
| Highest value | 407 | 207 | 158 |

Co-mingled: Plastic bottles, news & pams, cardboard and mixed cans

Co-mingled: Plastic bottles and mixed cans

| Plastic bottles and mixed cans | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Vehicle/container | Rear end loader | 240 litre wheeled bin | 55 litre box |
| Data type | Field work data: | Field work data: | Field work data: |
| | Material bulk density | Material bulk density | Material bulk density |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 184 | 30 | 30 |
| No. samples | 13 | 19 | 98 |
| Standard Deviation | 36.9 | 3.6 | 8.6 |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| 95% Confidence Interval | 20.1 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| +/- kg/m3 | | | |
| Lowest value | 117 | 24 | 9 |
| Highest value | 236 | 36 | 52 |

Co-mingled: Plastic bottles, news & pams, cardboard, mixed cans and glass

| Plastic bottles, news & pams, cardboard, mixed cans and glass | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Vehicle/container | Rear end loader | Rear end loader | 240 litre wheeled bin |
| Data type | Field work data: | Self monitor data: | Field work data: |
| | Material bulk density | Material bulk density | Material bulk density |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 405 | 413 | 84 |
| No. samples | 18 | 89 | 79 |
| Standard Deviation | 111.9 | 98.7 | 33.8 |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| 95% Confidence Interval | 51.7 | 20.5 | 7.4 |
| +/- kg/m3 | | | |
| Lowest value | 239 | 186 | 20 |
| Highest value | 758 | 724 | 171 |

Co-mingled: Plastic bottles, mixed cans and glass

| Plastic bottles, mixed cans and glass | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Vehicle/container | Rear end loader | |
| Data type | Field work data: | |
| | Material bulk density | |
| Mean, kg/m3 | 450 | |
| No. samples | 24 | |
| Standard Deviation | 55.9 | |
| Coefficient of Variance | 0.1 | |
| 95% Confidence Interval | 22.4 | |
| +/- kg/m3 | | |
| Lowest value | 364 | |
| Highest value | 559 | |



Waste & Resources Action Programme The Old Academy 21 Horse Fair Banbury, Oxon OX16 0AH Tel: 01295 819 900 Fax: 01295 819 911 E-mail: info@wrap.org.uk Helpline freephone 0808 100 2040

www.wrap.org.uk/local_authorities

